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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/713,165	11/14/2003	Krishnan Chari	85500KNM	9809	
7590 06/29/2006		EXAMINER			
Paul A. Leipold			GROSS, CHRISTOPHER M		
Patent Legal Staff			ARTIBUT	PAPER NUMBER	
Eastman Kodak Company			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
343 State Street			1639	1639	
Rochester, NY 14650-2201			DATE MAILED: 06/29/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Commence		10/713,165	CHARI ET AL.		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Christopher M. Gross	1639		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state the processive of the organization of the process of the maximum statutory perior to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the management of the process of the proc	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin iod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D. (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a) <u></u> □	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 This action is FINAL. 2b) T Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	his action is non-final. wance except for formal matters, pro			
Dispositi	on of Claims				
5) [Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with definition of the above claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> are subject to restriction and/or papers	rawn from consideration.			
	•				
10) 🗌 🤈	The specification is objected to by the Exami The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre The oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to by the Ene drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ection is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment	(s) of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary (PTO-413)		
2) 🔲 Notice 3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	e		

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-33 are pending.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claims 1-12, 25, drawn to a coating composition, classifiable in class 435, subclass DIG 22.
- II. Claims 13-24,26-29, drawn to a microarray, classifiable in class 435, subclass DIG 40.
- III. Claims 30-31, drawn to a method of making a microarray, classifiable in class 435, subclass DIG 49.
- IV. Claims 32-33, drawn to a microsphere composition, classified in class435, subclass DIG 22.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I, II and IV are directed to related compositions. The related inventions are distinct if the inventions as claimed do not overlap in scope, i.e., are mutually exclusive; the inventions as claimed are not obvious variants; and the inventions as claimed are either not capable of use together or can have a materially different design, mode of operation, function, or effect. See MPEP § 806.05(j). In the instant case, each of the compositions I, II and III are mutually exclusive, are not obvious variants of one another and have different designs (structures) as well as potential differing modes of operation. Beyond microarray fabrication, the coating composition can be used in other

products, such as paint whereas the microsphere composition can be for tasks like improving scratch resistance of a surface. Prior art searches of the physical properties and chemical structures are not coextensive for each invention I-III. A search of each of these inventions would require different key word and/or structures searches in different patent, non-patent literature and sequence databases. These searches would then require subsequent in-depth analysis of all relevant prior art literature and sequence references, placing a serious and undue burden on the Office in terms of both search and examination if inventions I II and III are put together.

Inventions II and III are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the process can be used to paint metal signs. Prior art searches of the microarray protduct that is invention II and method of preparation that is invention III are not coextensive. A search of each of these inventions would require different key word and sequence searches in different patent, non-patent literature and structure databases and require, at least, specific searches for particular method steps concerning invention III, not required for the physical and chemical elements of invention II. These searches would then require subsequent indepth analysis of all relevant prior art literature and sequence references, placing a serious and undue burden on the Office in terms of both search and examination if II and III are put together.

Application/Control Number: 10/713,165

Page 4

Art Unit: 1639

Inventions I and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have not been disclosed as capable of use together and invention III is drawn to a method of making an array which entails the selection of a substrate, not necessary for the practice of invention I. A search of each of these inventions would require different key word and sequence searches in different patent, non-patent literature and structure databases and require, at least, specific searches for particular method steps concerning invention III, not required for the structure centered search of invention I. These searches would then require subsequent in-depth analysis of all relevant prior art literature and sequence references, placing a serious and undue burden on the Office in terms of both search and examination if I and III are put together.

Inventions IV and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions have not been disclosed as capable of use together and invention III is drawn to a method of making an array which entails the selection of a substrate, not necessary for the practice of invention IV. A search of each of these inventions would require different key word and sequence searches in different patent, non-patent literature and structure databases and require, at least, specific searches for particular method steps concerning invention III, not required for the structure centered search of

Application/Control Number: 10/713,165 Page 5

Art Unit: 1639

invention IV. These searches would then require subsequent in-depth analysis of all relevant prior art literature and sequence references, placing a serious and undue burden on the Office in terms of both search and examination if III and IV are put together.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for each of the groups is not required for each of the other groups, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Page 6

Application/Control Number: 10/713,165

Art Unit: 1639

Each **genus** identified below is indicated in **bold**. Applicant is requested to elect one species from within *each* genus of the elected invention.

This application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species:

(From claims 1,2,13,32,33) **4-(phenylamino)cyclohexa-2,5-dienone derivative**: Applicant is required to elect a *single* particular structure, specified as to atom and bond from which the search will commence. Applicant is strongly encouraged to elect using a structural representation. Currently, claims 1,2,13,32,33 are generic.

(From claims 7-9) **microsphere diameter (microns):** 1-50, 3-30, 5-20 from which the search will commence. Currently, claims 7-9 are generic.

(From claim 17) **substrate**: glass, plastic, cellulose acetate, polyethyleneterphtalate, from which the search will commence.

(From claims 19-21) microspheres per square cm: 100-1000000, 1000-200000, 10000-1000000 from which the search will commence. Currently, claims 19-21 are generic.

(From claims 25-26) **interaction type:** chemical, physical, bioactive from which the search will commence. Currently, claims 25-26 are generic.

(From claim 27) **bioactive interface:** nucleic acid, protein from which the search will commence.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an <u>identification</u>
of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and <u>a listing of all claims</u>

Application/Control Number: 10/713,165

Art Unit: 1639

readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species.

MPEP § 809.02(a).Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher M. Gross whose telephone number is (571)272-4446. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Peter Paras can be reached on 571 272-4517. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

Application/Control Number: 10/713,165

Art Unit: 1639

Page 8

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Christopher M Gross Examiner Art Unit 1639

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MARK SHIBUYA, PH.D.
PATENT EXAMINER